My Favorite Thing at Westcave was:										

Visit Westcave again with Family and Friends! Make a reservation at www.westcave.org

Westcave is open to the public for guided tours to the grotto area, and self-guided hiking on our Uplands. The guided grotto hike takes visitors from an arid savannah through a limestone crevice into a sheltered canyon of lush plant life! At the head of the canyon stands Westcave, with a stunning 40-foot waterfall replenishing the emerald pool below. Each tour is 1.5 hours of hiking, learning, and fun on a 1 mile loop trail.

Additional Activities and Resources at: westcave.org/resources/teacher-resources

24814 Hamilton Pool Rd Round Mountain, TX 78663

(830) 825-3442 <u>info@westcave.org</u>



Westcave Preserve



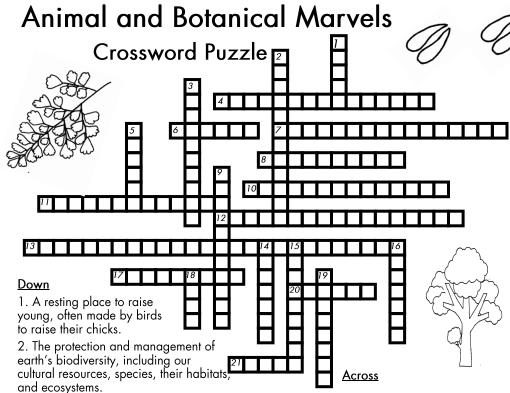
Group: ______

Explorer Name:

Oate:	Location:	
emperature: S:	RW:	
Time S:	RW	
Weather Conditions:		

_	Riparian Woodland								
ecklis	Savannah								
Animal Evidence Checklist	Shape	Trails			Homes	Sounds	Sightings	Fossils	
Evider	Riparian Woodland								
imal	Savannah								
An	Shape	Tracks	3;	3;	Scat	Smells	Body Parts	Eating Signs	

Leat Checklist	ape Savannah Woodland Shape Savannah Woodland	an Heart	Feather Like	pound Single Palmately	Single Pinnately Pinnately	uble Linear or Lanceolate	th Edge Serrate Edge (teeth)
	Shape	Fan	Scale Like	Compound Palmately	Compound Pinnately	Double	Smooth Edge



- 3. A possible explanation of an observation, phenomenon, or problem that can be tested by further investigation.
- 5. Footprints or other marks left by an animal, person, or vehicle.
- 9. The action of watching or monitoring one's surroundings to gain information for scientific purposes.
- 14. An underground layer of permeable, porous, or fractured rock that holds and moves water.
- 15. An interaction between two different organisms who live in a close physical association with one another.
- 16. A place where a plant or animal can find the three necessary items for survival: food, water, and shelter (space).
- 18. The scientific name for an animal poop.
- 19. An area of land managed to protect its flora, fauna, natural resources, and landscape.

- 4. A living organism that is not native to an ecosystem, causing harm to the environment and its inhabitants.
- 6. Any evidence of past life preserved in a petrified form.
- 7. The second type of habitat inside the canyon with a higher diversity of plants, cooler temperatures, and higher moisture content.
- 8. Markings or a disguise that helps an animal hide from others.
- 10. A clue/sign that an animal has been in the area.
- 11. An organism that has adaptations for and is naturally found in a particular area.
- 12. An organism that is very rare and in danger of becoming extinct.
- 13. The first habitat we walked through at Westcave Preserve that was a grassland with two main trees.
- 17. A measure of the amount of variety in the types of plants and animals present in a given area.
- 20. A hole or tunnel in the ground made by an animal. The animal uses it as a place to live and hide.
- 21. A large round growth found on trees that serve as a home to the larva of a tiny wasp. The wasp previously stung the tree to insert its larva.

Bee Creek Cave Harvestman (Texella reddelli)

The endangered Bee Creek Cave Harvestman is one of many karst invertebrates that live in our cave.

• Troglobites = "Cave Dwellers," spend their entire lives inside of caves, with long appendages, translucent coloration, and lack of eyes adaptations.

A <u>harvestman is not a spider.</u>

• Spiders = two distinct body segments

• Harvestmen = fused body or one segment.

There are currently 6 endangered Karst invertebrates in the

Balcones Canyonlands Preserve.

Golden-cheeked Warbler

(Dendroica chrysoparia)

 Listed as an endangered species in May of 1990

 Migrate to central Texas in the spring from Mexico and Central America

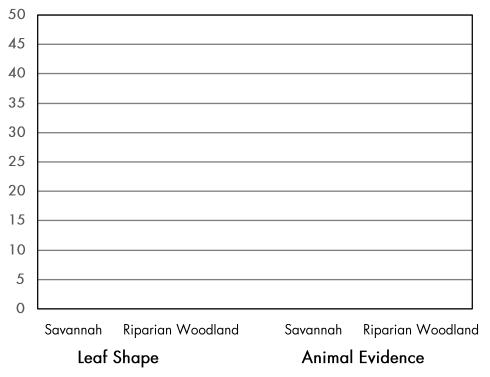
• Are native Texans. They raise all their young in central Texas.

Entirely dependent on Ashe
 Juniper (locally called "Cedar Trees")
 bark to build their open-cup nest
 held together by spider webs.

• Westcave typically has 2 territories Established each year.

Eat insects and spiders





- 1. What was the most common animal evidence?
- 2. What was the most common leaf shape?
- 3. Did you find more in the Savannah or the Riparian Woodland?
- 4. Why do you think there was more evidence/leaf shapes there?
- 5. Based on the data Which habitat is more biodiverse?
- 6. What animal evidence/leaf shapes have you seen at school?

Where did you find the most water today?

What was a common food source and what animal might consume it?

What shelter did you discover today? How much space did it provide?

Do you think Westcave is a good habitat? Why?

Which Natural Region of Texas did you survey today?

